

## 1 – Introduction

We have decided at a corporate-level to exclude certain sectors and practices from our entire range of long-only funds.

Thus, we exclude, according to norm-based criteria:

- Companies that manufacture or distribute anti-personnel mines from all of our portfolios according to the Ottawa Treaty (enforced in 1999);
- Companies that manufacture or distribute cluster munitions from all of our portfolios in accordance with the Convention on Cluster Munitions (enforced in 2010);
- Companies that do not comply with fundamental ethical standards (UN Global Compact), such as violation of individual rights, non-respect of human rights, major environmental damage, etc;
- Companies domiciled in controversial “Call to Action” jurisdictions (e.g. Iran and North Korea) identified by the Financial Action Task Force.

We do not invest in companies breaching fundamental ethical standards (violation of individual rights, non-respect of human rights, severe environmental damage, etc.), including companies whose operations or suppliers violate the 10 principles of the UNGC (United Nations Global Compact). We rely on the exclusion list established by Norges Bank, on RepRisk’s UNGC Violator Flag and FactSet.

### **Weapons sector**

We also have banned investment in companies active in the production, sales and distribution of non-conventional weapons such as cluster bombs, anti-personnel mines and nuclear weapons. If production, sale or distribution of conventional weapons (war material usually considered less controversial) represents more than 5% of revenues, we do not invest in the company.

### **Energy sector**

Chahine Capital has also decided not to invest in companies whose income from coal mining activities (thermal coal, metallurgical coal, and coke) exceeds 10% of their total revenue. Companies whose coal-fired electricity generation represents more than 10% of turnover (or the production capacity exceeds 10,000 MW) or production, sale or distribution of nuclear-based power generation exceeds 5% of turnover are excluded. This includes uranium extraction, uranium concentration, refining, conversion and enrichment, the production of nuclear fuel structures, construction and use of nuclear reactors. It also includes treatment of spent nuclear fuel, nuclear decommissioning and radioactive waste management. Moreover, in energy sector, if the sum of activities related to unconventional oil and gas, such as oil sands extraction, shale oil, shale gas and Arctic drilling represents more than 5% of revenues.

### **Tobacco sector**

In addition, companies involved in traditional or related tobacco (such as tobacco e-cigarettes, new generation tobacco/nicotine products) production, tobacco sale or distribution for more than 5% of their turnover are excluded.

### **Biodiversity sector**

Companies whose production of pesticides, palm oil or genetically modified organisms (GMOs) represents more than 5% of their total revenue are also excluded.

### **Other sectors**

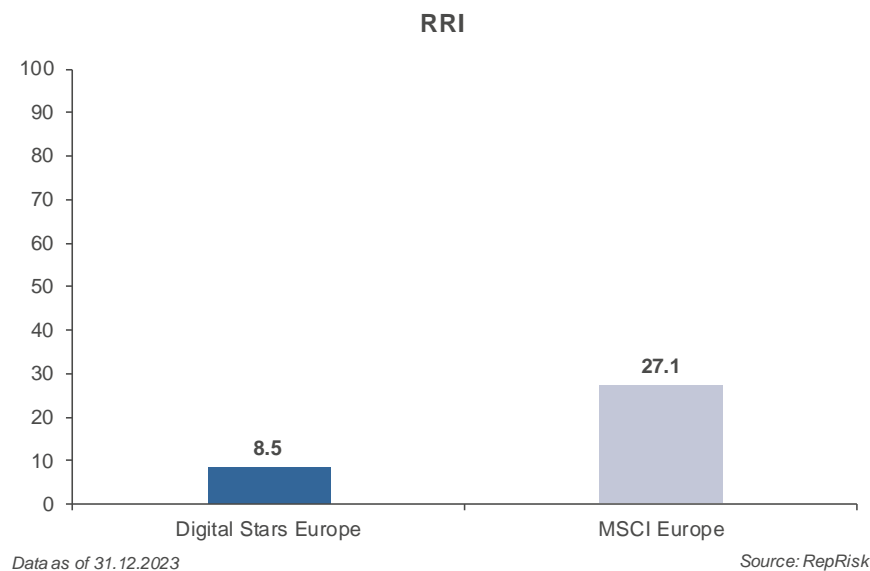
Companies with income from activities related to the following sectors are excluded:

- Gambling exceeding 5% of sales
- Alcohol representing more than 20% of the turnover
- Non-medicinal drugs exceeding 5% of the turnover
- Adult entertainment (pornography) representing more than 5% of turnover

We have supplemented our existing daily-risk policy with a component related to ESG controversies. Indeed, business conduct risks related to human rights, labour, environment and corruption can result in risks to company reputation and profits, and therefore in a risk borne by the final investor. Thus, we exclude companies with a high level of controversy (levels defined in our ESG Risk Control procedure, available on demand). We use the external RepRisk database for this purpose. Finally, we have set up an SRI voting policy and signed the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (UNPRI).

## 2 – ESG controversies (RepRisk)

This indicator measures the reputational risk of companies related to ESG controversies. It is calculated as a weighted average. The closer this indicator is to 100, the higher the risk. For more details, see glossary.



For this indicator, 97% of the portfolio is covered against 100% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.

### PEAK RRI: 2-YEAR PEAK ESG REPUTATIONAL RISK (Data as of 31/12/2023)

This indicator is based on the highest RRI of companies over the last two years. It is calculated as a weighted average.

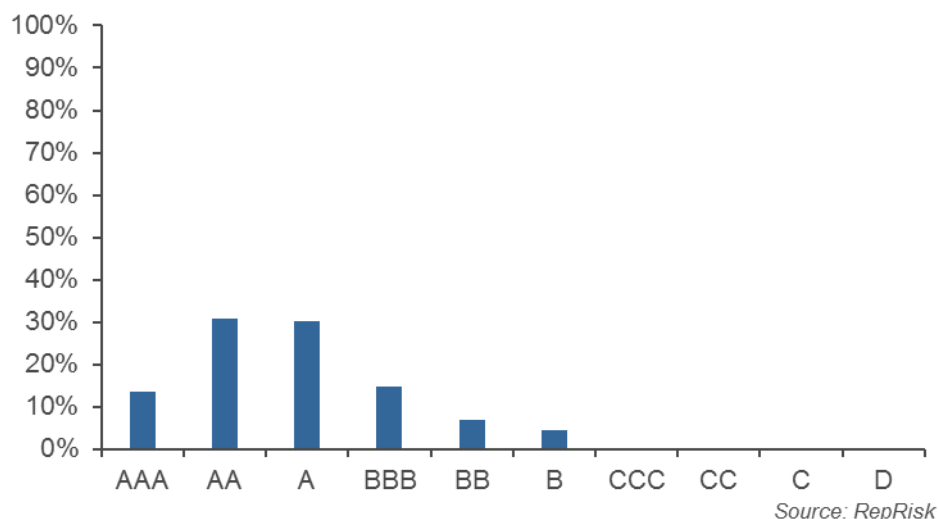
Digital Stars Europe: 20 / 100

MSCI Europe: 40 / 100

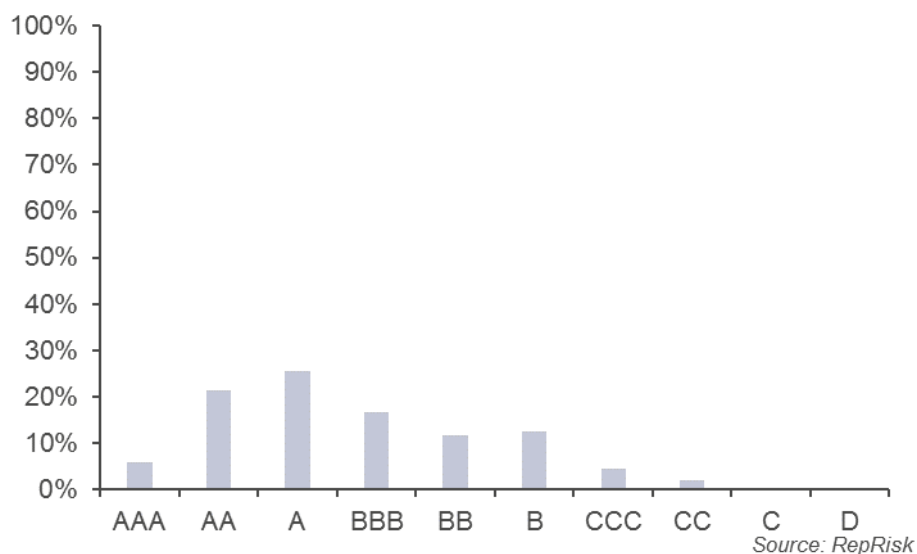
Digital Stars Europe exhibits a weighted average 2-year Peak ESG Reputational Risk 50% below that of its benchmark (MSCI Europe).

### ESG REPRISK RATING

#### Digital Stars Europe



## MSCI Europe



74% of the fund stocks have an ESG RepRisk Rating AAA, AA, A, vs. 53% for the benchmark.

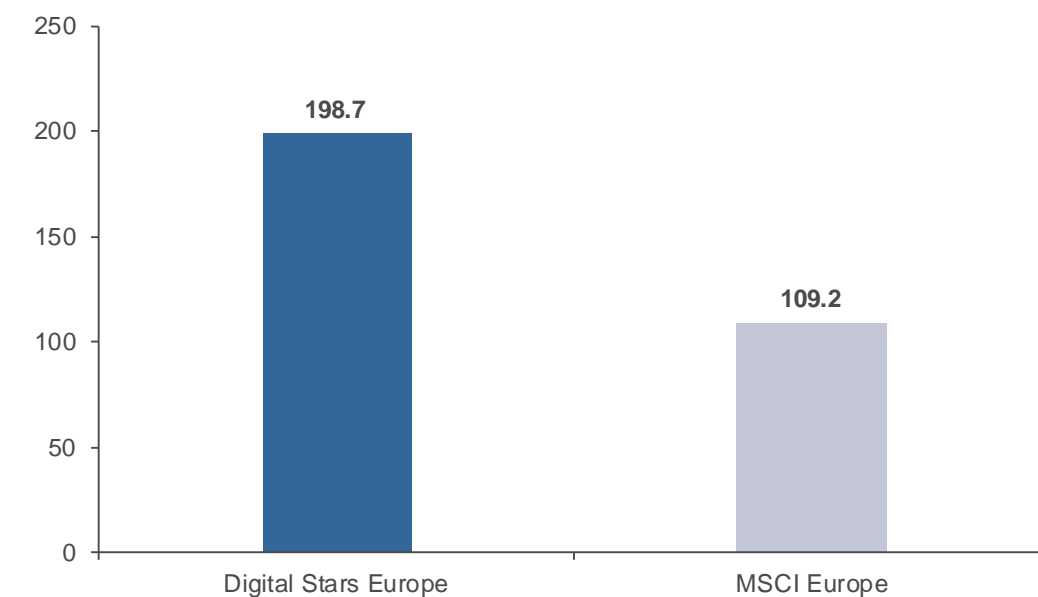
For these indicators, 97% of the portfolio is covered against 100% for the index.

## 3 – Environmental performance

### A. Carbon footprint

The carbon footprint of the portfolio is the total carbon emission (scope 1 and scope 2) of the portfolio divided by the portfolio's assets. It is expressed in tons of carbon per million Euros invested.

### Carbon footprint



Data as of 31.12.2023

For this indicator, 86% of the portfolio is covered against 93% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.

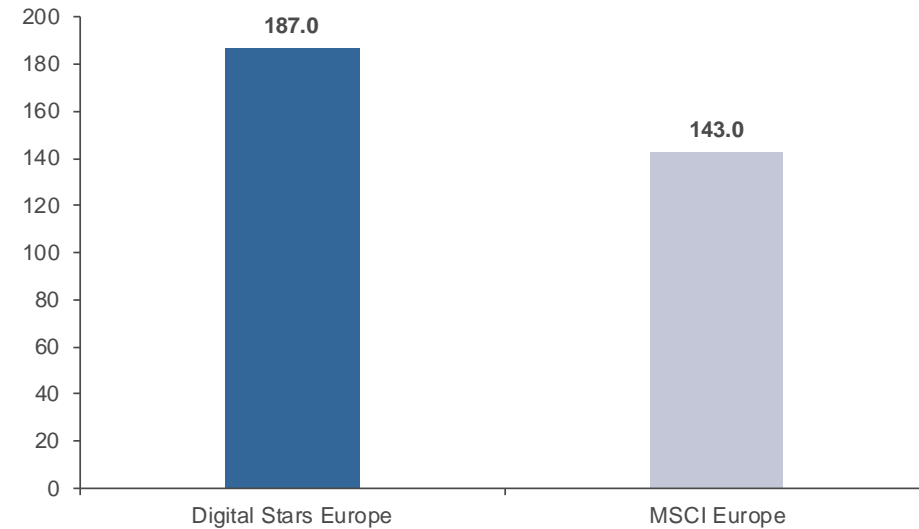
Sources: Sustainalytics (carbon footprint scope 1 and scope 2), FactSet (market capitalisation)



## B. Carbon intensity

The carbon intensity of the portfolio measures the portfolio's exposure to the most carbon-intensive companies. This indicator is expressed in tons of carbon per million Euros of turnover.

**Carbon intensity**



Data as of 31.12.2023

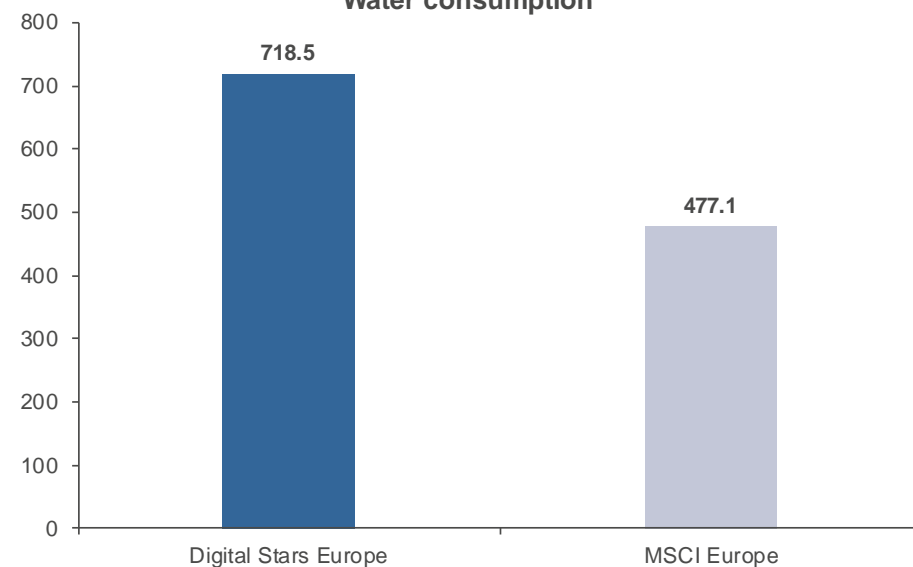
For this indicator, 86% of the portfolio is covered against 93% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.

Source: Sustainalytics (carbon footprint scope 1 and scope 2), FactSet (turnover)

## C. Water consumption

Water consumption is the total volume of water withdrawn and consumed by a company for its own purposes and not returned to the source from where it was withdrawn. It is expressed in tons of water per million Euros invested.

**Water consumption**



Data as of 31.12.2023

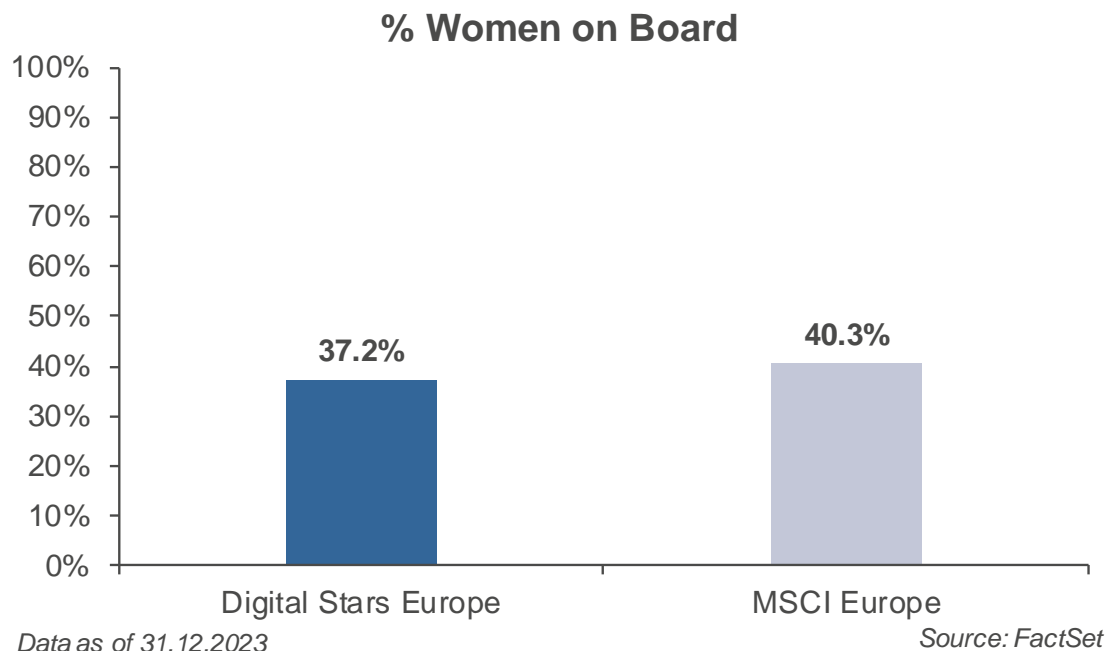
For this indicator, 48% of the portfolio is covered against 66% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.

Source : Sustainalytics, FactSet

#### 4 – Social performance

##### A. Women on board

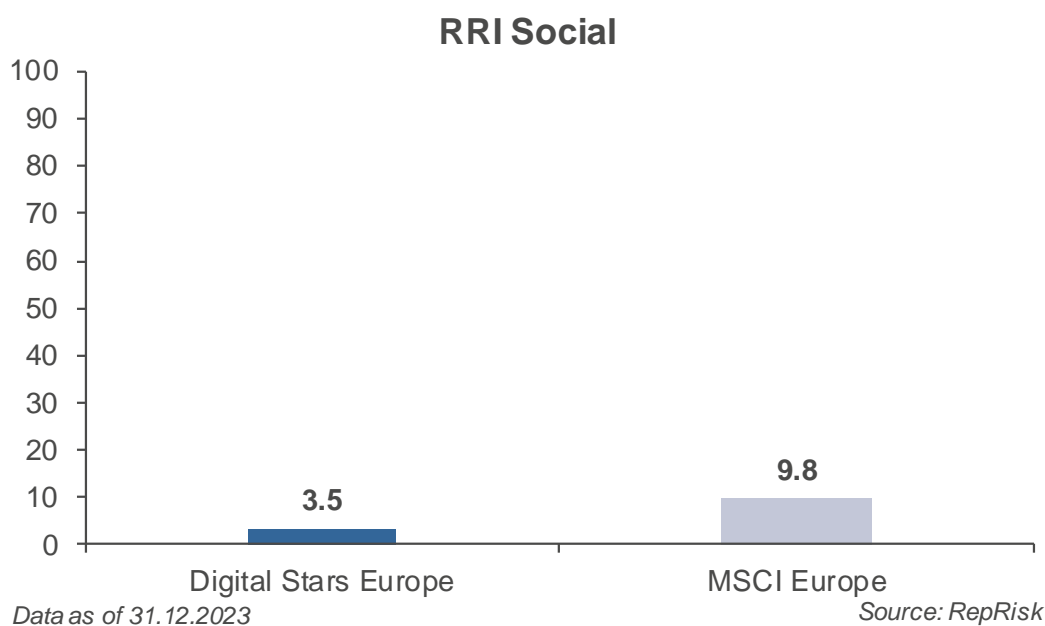
This indicator measures the number of women on the board vs. the overall number of directors.



For this indicator, 97% of the portfolio is covered against 100% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.

##### B. RRI social – measuring the importance of social controversies

This indicator measures the reputational risk of a company related to social issues based on its controversies. The closer this indicator is to 100, the higher the risk. For more details, see glossary.

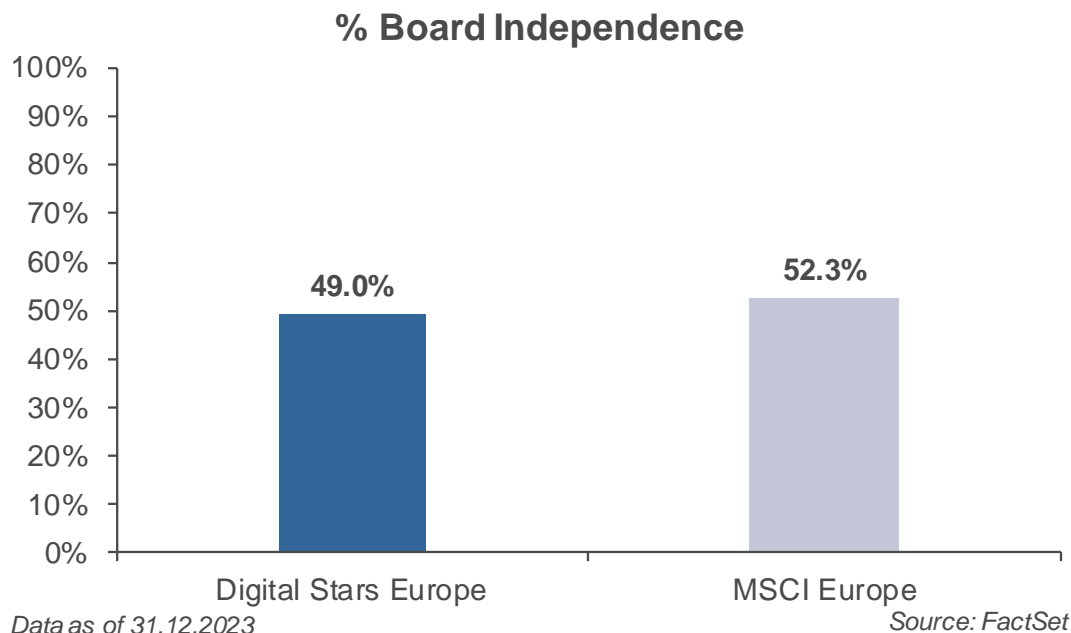


For this indicator, 97% of the portfolio is covered against 100% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.

## 5 – Governance performance

### A. Board independence

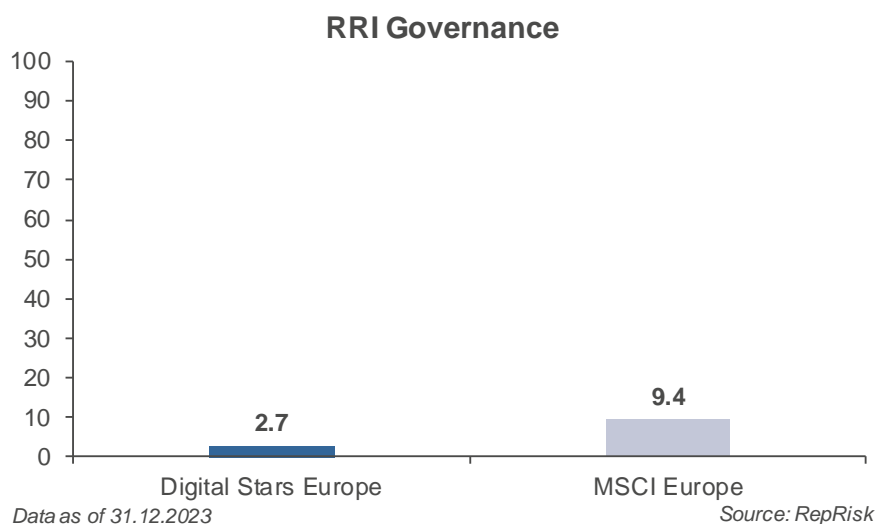
This indicator measures the number of independent directors vs. the overall number of directors.



For this indicator, 97% of the portfolio is covered against 100% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.

### B. RRI governance

This indicator measures the reputational risk of a company related to governance issues based on its controversies. The closer this indicator is to 100, the higher the risk. For more details, see glossary.



For this indicator, 97% of the portfolio is covered against 100% for the index. Constituents weights were normalised (rebased at 100%) to take into account the partial coverage of the portfolio and/or the benchmark.



## 6 – Excluded companies

No companies have been excluded during Q4 2023 in a portfolio composed of 165 stocks.

11 companies have not been integrated in the portfolio during the latest rebalancings due to ESG criteria:

Date	Fund	Stock	ISIN	Remark
17/10/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Tesco PLC	GB00BLGZ9862	Not integrated NN Momentum & Earnings momentum
17/10/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Marks and Spencer Group plc	GB0031274896	Not integrated NN Momentum & Earnings momentum
17/10/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Inditex	ES0148396007	Not integrated Earnings momentum
17/10/2023	Digital Stars Europe	ING Groep NV	NL0011821202	Not integrated Earnings momentum
26/10/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Leonardo SpA	IT0003856405	Not integrated Price momentum
26/10/2023	Digital Stars Europe	BAE Systems plc	GB0002634946	Not integrated Price momentum
26/10/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Novo Nordisk A/S Class B	DK0062498333	Not integrated Price momentum
14/11/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Tesco PLC	GB00BLGZ9862	Not integrated NN Momentum & Earnings momentum
14/11/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Rolls-Royce Holdings plc	GB00B63H8491	Not integrated NN momentum
12/12/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Marks and Spencer Group plc	GB0031274896	Not integrated NN Momentum & Earnings momentum
12/12/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Tesco PLC	GB00BLGZ9862	Not integrated NN Momentum & Earnings momentum
12/12/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.	IT0000072618	Not integrated Earnings momentum
12/12/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Danske Bank A/S	IT0000072618	Not integrated Earnings momentum
20/12/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Solvay SA	BE0003470755	Not integrated Price momentum
20/12/2023	Digital Stars Europe	Rolls-Royce Holdings plc	GB00B63H8491	Not integrated NN momentum



## 7 – Glossary

**Portfolio carbon footprint:** total CO2 emissions (scope 1 and scope 2) of the portfolio divided by the portfolio's assets. It is expressed in tons of CO2 per million euros invested.

**Portfolio carbon Intensity:** a measure of the portfolio's exposure to the most carbon-intensive companies.

**Portfolio coverage:** proportion of assets invested in a company (if available data).

**RepRisk Index (RRI):** A quantitative measure that dynamically captures a company's or project's reputational risk related to ESG issues. The RRI facilitates an initial assessment of the ESG risks associated with investments or business relationships, allows the comparison of a company's exposure with that of its peers, and helps track risk trends over time.

The RRI ranges from zero (lowest) to 100 (highest). The higher the value, the higher the risk exposure:

0-24: generally denotes low risk exposure

25-49: represents medium risk exposure

50-59: denotes high risk exposure

60-74: denotes very high risk exposure

75-100: denotes extremely high risk exposure

The RRI is broken down into:

- **RRI environmental:** reputational risk of a company to environmental issues

- **RRI social:** the reputational risk of a company to social issues

- **RRI governance:** reputational risk of a company to governance issues

**RRI Trend:** indicates the increase or decrease in RRI over the last 30 days.

**Peak RRI:** the maximum value reached by the RRI over the past two years.

**RepRisk Rating (RRR):** A letter rating that facilitates corporate benchmarking against a peer group and the sector, as well as integration of ESG and business conduct risks into business processes. The Rating provides decision support in risk management, compliance, investment management, and supplier risk assessment.

The RepRisk Rating ranges from AAA to D:

AAA, AA, A denotes low ESG risk exposure

BBB, BB, B denotes moderate ESG risk exposure

CCC, CC, C denotes high ESG risk exposure

D denotes very high ESG risk exposure

**Water consumption:** Water consumption is the total volume of water withdrawn and consumed by a company for its own purposes and not returned to the source from where it withdrew it, expressed in tons of water.